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Applicant: GLAXO GROUP LIMITED Clarges House 6-12 Clarges Street London W1Y 8DH(GB)

② Inventor: Palmer, James Barry Douglas Glaxo Group Research Limited, Berkeley Avenue Greenford, Middlesex UB6 0HE(GB)

Representative: Holmes, Michael John et al Frank B. Dehn & Co. Imperial House 15-19 Kingsway London WC2B 6UZ(GB)

Medicaments.

Pharmaceutical compositions comprising effective amounts of salmeterol (and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof) and beclomethasone dipropionate as a combined preparation for simultaneous, sequential or separate administration by inhalation in the treatment of respiratory disorders.

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### **MEDICAMENTS**

This invention relates to improvements in the treatment of asthma and other respiratory disorders. More particularly, it relates to the use of a bronchodilator drug in combination with a steroidal anti-inflammatory drug for the treatment of respiratory disorders such as asthma, and to pharmaceutical compositions containing the two active ingredients.

Asthma is a condition characterised by variable, reversible obstruction of the airways which is caused by a complex inflammatory process within the lungs. In most cases, this process is initiated and maintained by the inhalation of antigens by sensitive atopic individuals (extrinsic asthma). However, in some patients it is caused by other mechanisms which at present are poorly understood but do not involve an allergic process (intrinsic asthma). The disease has therefore two components, spasm of the bronchial (or breathing) tubes and inflammation or swelling of the breathing tubes.

Salbutamol, the first highly selective B<sub>2</sub>-adrenoceptor stimulant has been used successfully and effectively by inhalation for the immediate relief of spasm in asthma. However, when given by inhalation, salbutamol has usually a four to six hour duration of action, which is too short either to control nocturnal asthma or for convenient maintenance of the disease in some patients.

Anti-inflammatory corticosteroids such as, for example, beclomethasone dipropionate have also been administered by inhalation in the treatment of asthma, although unlike salbutamol the therapeutic benefits may not be immediately apparent. Indeed, although the benefits of inhaled beclomethasone dipropionate and its safety and efficacy in asthma therapy are well-established in clinical practice, the true nature of asthma as an inflammatory disease and the consequent fundamental effects of inhaled beclomethasone dipropionate in its treatment have only recently been realised.

It has, however, been recognised that asthma may be treated by using both a bronchodilator for immediate relief and a prophylactic anti-inflammatory corticosteroid to treat the underlying inflammation. Such combination therapy directed at the two main underlying events in the lung (i.e. relief of spasm in the breathing tubes and treatment of inflammation in the breathing tubes) using a combination of salbutamol and beclomethasone dipropionate has previously been proposed (Ventide, Glaxo Group trade mark), but suffers a number of disadvantages in view of the above-mentioned short duration of action exhibited by salbutamol. Thus the need for a 4-hourly dosing regimen may discourage effective patient compliance and also renders the product less than satisfactory in the treatment of nocturnal asthma since the bronchodilator may not remain effective for the duration of the night, leading to impaired sleep for asthmatics troubled by nocturnal cough, breathlessness and wheeze.

The present invention is based on the concept of a novel combination therapy which has greater efficiency and duration of bronchodilator action than previously known combinations and which permits the establishment of a twice daily (bis in diem - b.i.d) dosing regimen with consequent benefits in, for example, the treatment of asthma, particularly nocturnal asthma.

Thus we have found that if the  $\beta_2$ -adrenoreceptor stimulant bronchodilator salmeterol and/or a physioilogically acceptable salt thereof is combined with beclomethasone dipropionate in a form suitable for administration by inhalation, the resulting compositions may be administered on a b.i.d. basis to provide effective treatment and/or prophylactic therapy for asthmatics. In particular such administration has been shown to lead to improvement in daytime lung function, requirement for additional symptomatic bronchodilator and almost complete abolition of nocturnal asthma while giving rise to minimal systemic side effects.

Salmeterol is one of a range of bronchodilators having extended duration of action which is described in British Patent Specification No. 2140800, and is systematically named 4-hydroxy- $\alpha^{1}$ -[[[6-(4-phenylbutoxy)-hexyl]amino]methyl]-1,3-benzenedimethanol.

According to one aspect of the invention there are provided pharmaceutical compositions comprising effective amounts of salmeterol (and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof) and beclomethasone dipropionate as a combined preparation for simultaneous, sequential or separate administration by inhalation in the treatment of respiratory disorders.

The invention additionally relates to the use of salmeterol (and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof) and beclomethasone dipropionate in the manufacture of pharmaceutical compositions as combined preparations for simultaneous, sequential or separate administration of salmeterol and beclomethasone dipropionate by inhalation in the treatment of respiratory disorders.

According to a further feature of the invention there is provided a method of treating respiratory disorders which comprises the simultaneous, sequential or separate administration by inhalation of effective amounts of salmeterol (and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof) and becomethasone dipropionate.

Suitable physiologically acceptable salts of salmeterol include acid addition salts derived from inorganic and organic acids, such as the hydrochloride, hydrobromide, sulphate, phosphate, maleate, tartrate, citrate, benzoate, 4-methoxybenzoate, 2- or 4-hydroxybenzoate, 4-chlorobenzoate, p-toluenesulphonate, methanesulphonate, ascorbate, salicylate, acetate, fumarate, succinate, lactate, glutarate, gluconate, tricarballylate, hydroxynapthalenecarboxylate, e.g. 1-hydroxy- or 3-hydroxy-2-naphthalenecarboxylate or oleate. Salmeterol is preferably used in the form of its 1-hydroyxy-2-naphthalene carboxylate salt (hydroxynapthoate).

For administration by inhalation, the compositions according to the invention are conveniently delivered by conventional means i.e. in the form of a metered dose inhaler prepared in a conventional manner or in combination with a spacer device such as the Volumatic (Giaxo Group trade mark) device. In the case of a metered dose inhaler, a metering valve is provided to deliver a metered amount of the composition. Spray compositions may for example be formulated as aqueous solutions or suspensions and may be administered by a nebuliser. Aerosol spray formulations for example in which the active ingredients are suspended, optionally together with one or more stabilisers, in a propellant, e.g. a halgenated hydrocarbon such as trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorodifluoromethane, 1,2-dichlorotetrafluoroethane, trichlorotrifluoroethane, monochloropentafluoroethane, chloroform or methylene chloride may also be employed. The two drugs may be administered separately in similar ways.

Alternatively, for administration by inhalation or insufflation, the compositions according to the invention may take the form of a dry powder composition, for example a powder mix of the active ingredients and a suitable carrier such as lactose. The powder compositions may be presented in unit dosage form in, for example, capsules, cartrides or blister packs from which the powder may be administered with the aid of an inhaler such as the Rotahaler inhaler (Glaxo Group trade mark) or in the case of blister packs by means of the Diskhaler inhaler (Glaxo Group trade mark).

The ratio of salmeterol to beclomethasone dipropionate in the compositions according to the invention is preferably within the range 2:1 to 1:40. The two drugs may be administered separately in the same ratio. Each metered dose or actuation of the inhaler will generally contain from 25  $\mu$ g to 100  $\mu$ g of salmeterol and from 50  $\mu$ g to 1000  $\mu$ g of beclomethasone dipropionate. As hereinbefore indicated, it is intended that the pharmaceutical compositions will be administered twice daily.

A suitable daily dose of salmeterol for inhalation is in the range 20  $\mu g$  to 200  $\mu g$ .

A suitable daily dose of beclomethasone dipropionate for inhalation is in the range of 100  $\mu$ g to 2000  $\mu$ g depending on the severity of the disease.

The precise dose employed will of course depend on the method of administration, the age, weight and condition of the patient and will be determined by the clinician depending on the severity and the type of asthma

In order that the invention may be more fully understood, the following examples are given by way of illustration only.

EXAMPLE 1 - Metered	EXAMPLE 1 - Metered Dose Inhaler		
Active Ingredient	Target per Actuation	Per Inhaler % w/w	
Salmeterol (as hydroxynapthoate) Beclomethasone dipropionate BP Stabiliser Trichlorofluoromethane Dichlorodifluoromethane	25.0 μg 50.0 μg 7.5 μg 23.67 mg 61.25 mg	0.0448 0.0647 0.0110 27.8207 72.0588	

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EXAMPLE 2 - Metered Dose Inhaler		
Active Ingredient	Target per Actuation	Per Inhaler % w/w
Salmeterol (as hydroxynapthoate) Beclomethasone dipropionate BP Stabiliser Trichlorofluoromethane Dichlorodifluoromethane	25.0 µg 100.0 µg 10.5 µg 23.62 mg 61.25 mg	0.0448 0.1294 0.0129 27.7541 72.0588

EXAMPLE 3 - Metered Dose Inhaler		
Active Ingredient	Target per Actuation	Per Inhaler % w/w
Salmeterol (as hydroxynapthoate) Beclomethasone dipropionate BP Stabiliser Trichlorofluoromethane Dichlorodifluoromethane	25.0 μg 250.0 μg 25.0 μg 23.45 mg 61.25 mg	0.0448 0.3235 0.0324 27.5405 72.0588

EXAMPLE 4 Metered	Dose Inhaler	_
Active Ingredient	Target per Actuation	Per Inhaler w/w
Salmeterol (as hydroxynaphthoate) Beclomethasone dipropionate BP Stabiliser Trichlorofluoromethane Dichlorodifluoromethane	100.0 μg 125.0 μg 25.0 μg 23.43 mg 61.25 mg	0.1791 0.3235 0.0324 27.4062 72.0588

In Examples 1 to 4 micronised beclomethasone dipropionate (as the trichlorofluoromethane solvate) and micronised salmeterol (as the hydroxynapthoate) are added in the proportions given above either dry or after predispersal in a small quantity of stabiliser (disodium dioctylsulphosuccinate, lecithin, oleic acid or sorbitan trioleate)/trichlorofluoromethane solution to a suspension vessel containing the main bulk of the trichlorofluoromethane solution. The resulting suspension is further dispersed by an appropriate mixing system using, for example, a high sheer blender, ultrasonics or a microfluidiser until an ultrafine dispersion is created. The suspension is then continuously recirculated to suitable filling equipment designed for cold fill or pressure filling of dichlorodifluoromethane. Alternatively, the suspension may be prepared in a suitable chilled solution of stabiliser, in trichlorofluoromethane/dichlorodifluromethane.

EXAMPLE 5 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formula	tion	
Active Ingredient		μg/cartridge or blister
Salmeterol (as hydroxynaphthoate) Beclomethasone dipropionate BP (anhydrous or as monohydrate)		36.3 50.00
Lactose Ph.Eur.	to to	12.5 mg or 25.0mg

EXAMPLE 6 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formulation

Active Ingredient

Salmeterol (as hydroxynaphthoate)
Beclomethasone dipropionate BP (anhydrous or as monohydrate)

Lactose
Ph.Eur.

EXAMPLE 6 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formulation

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EXAMPLE 7 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formulation

Active Ingredient

Salmeterol (as hydroxynaphthoate)

Beclomethasone dipropionate (anhydrous or as monohydrate)

Lactose
Ph.Cur.

Powder Formulation

μg/cartridge or
blister

72.5
100.00

12.5 mg or
25.0 mg

EXAMPLE 8 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formulation

Active Ingredient

Salmetreol (as hydroxynaphthoate)
Beclomethasone dipropionate BP (anhydrous or as monohydrate)

Lactose
Ph.Eur.

EXAMPLE 8 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formulation

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EXAMPLE 9 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formula	tion	
Active Ingredient		ug/cartridge or blister
Salmeterol (as hydroxynaphthoate) Beclomethasone dipropionate BP (anhydrous or as monohydrate)		72.5 500.0
Lactose Ph.Eur.	to to	12.5 mg or 25.0 mg

EXAMPLE 10 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formulation

Active Ingredient

Salmeterol (as hydroxynaphthoate)

Beclomethasone dipropionate BP (anhydrous or as monohydrate)

Lactose Ph. eur.

EXAMPLE 10 - Metered Dose Dry Powder Formulation

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72.5
1000.0

12.5 mg or to 25.0 mg

In Examples 5 to 11 the active ingredients are micronised and bulk blended with the lactose in the proportions given above. The blend is filled into hard gelatin capsules or cartridges or in specifically constructed double foil blister packs (Rotadisks blister packs, Glaxo Group trade mark) to be administered by an inhaler such as the Rotahaler inhaler (Glaxo Group trade mark) or in the case of the blister packs with the Diskhaler inhaler (Glaxo Group trade mark).

## Claims

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- 1. Pharmaceutical compositions comprising effective amounts of salmeterol (and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof) and beclomethasone dipropionate as a combined preparation for simultaneous, sequential or separate administration by inhalation in the treatment of respiratory disorders.
- 2. Compositions as claimed in claim 1 wherein salmeterol is present as its 1-hydroxy-2-naphthalenecarboxvlate salt.
- 3. Compositions as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 presented in the form of a metered dose inhaler or a metered dry powder composition.
- 4. Compositions as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3 in dosage unit form containing 25-100μg of salmeterol (optionally in the form of a physiologically acceptable salt thereof) and 50-1000μg of beclomethasone dipropionate per dosage unit.
- 5. The use of salmeterol (and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof) and beclomethasone dipropionate in the manufacture of pharmaceutical compositions as combined preparations for simultaneous, sequential or separate administration of salmeterol and beclomethasone dipropionate by inhalation in the treatment of

respiratory disorders.

6. The use of salmeterol (and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof) and beclomethasone dipropionate according to claim 5 in the manufacture of pharmaceutical compositions for administration on a twice daily basis.



# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

**Application Number** 

EP 90 30 9845

D	OCUMENTS CONSI	DERED TO BE RELEV	ANT		
Category	Citation of document will	th Indication, where appropriate, evant passages	Rel	evant claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.5)
D,A	GB-A-2 140 800 (GLAXO * Page 4, lines 21-26 *	GROUP LTD U.K.)	1-6		A 61 K 31/57 // (A 61 K 31/57 A 61 K 31:135)
A	UNLISTED DRUGS, vol. 33 Chatham, NJ, US * Page 101c: "Ventolin com	, no. 6, June 1981, page 101c,	1-6		·
Α	GB-A-2 107 715 (GLAXO * Page 5, line 14, claim 11 *		1-6		
A	EP-A-0 223 671 (CENTRE CHES DERMATOLOGIGUE 	EINTERNATIONAL DE RECHER ES C.I.R.D.) 	1-6		
					TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.5)
	The present search report has i	been drawn up for all claims	1		
	Place of search	Date of completion of search	<del> </del>		Examiner
	The Hague	29 November 90			BRINKMANN C.
Y: A: O: P:	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCI particularly relevant if taken alone particularly relevant if combined wit document of the same catagory technological background non-written disclosure intermediate document theory or principle underlying the in	the another D: doc L: doc	filing da ument c ument c	te Ited in th Ited for o	ent, but published on, or after e application ther reasons patent family, corresponding